

This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 870313.



H. Reichert

On behalf of the Streamline Executive Team



#### **SusTainable REseArch at Micro and nano X-ray beamLINEs**

- EU Programme Call: H2020 INFRADEV-2018-2019 (RIA)
- Topic: Infradev-03: Sustainability of RIs
- Funding: 4997.5 M€
- Single beneficiary: ESRF
- Duration: 4 years with starting date 15<sup>th</sup> Nov. 2019



#### The ESRF - an international collaboration with an intergovernmental convention

#### **21 PARTNER COUNTRIES**

The first 3<sup>rd</sup> generation synchrotron radiation source



#### 13 Member states:

Spain

**Switzerland** 

| France                | 27.5 %          |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Germany               | 24.0 %          |
| Italy                 | 13.2 %          |
| <b>United Kingdom</b> | 10.5 %          |
| Russia                | 6.0 %           |
| Benesync              | 5.8 %           |
| (Belgium, The Nethe   | erlands)        |
| Nordsync              | 5.0 %           |
| (Denmark, Finland, I  | Norway, Sweden) |

**8 Scientific Associate countries:** 

4.0 %

4.0 %

| Israel                    | 1.5 % |
|---------------------------|-------|
| Austria                   | 1.3 % |
| Centralsync               | 1.05% |
| (Czech Republic, Hungary) |       |

Poland 1.0 %
Portugal 1.0 %
India 0.66 %
South Africa 0.3 %



The first 4<sup>th</sup> generation high energy synchrotron radiation source!

Budget: ~ 100 M€ - 700 staff



# X-ray science community's quest for more brilliance



The quest for more brilliance and coherence to the benefit of Science





#### The aims of the EBS project:

- ➤ To decrease the storage ring horizontal emittance (= a **factor 100** better than the 3<sup>rd</sup> SR generation)
- > To increase the source brilliance (= a factor 100)
- > To increase the coherence of the beam (= a factor 30)
- ➤ With the constraints to re-use an existing infrastructure and minimising the impact on the ESRF activity

# New lattice vs. present ESRF lattice: DBA $\rightarrow$ HMBA



#### > EBS lattice (cell)

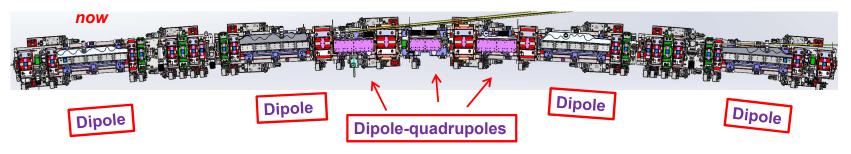
Hybrid 7 Bend Achromat = (4 dipoles + 3 dipole-quad + 24 quad., sext., oct.)
ID length = 5 m

 $\varepsilon \propto \frac{E_e^2}{\left(N_{sect} \cdot N_{dipole}\right)^3}$ 





31 magnets per cell instead of 17 previously 32 cells (arcs) with 4 girders each

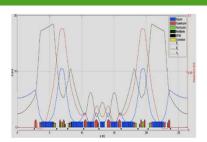


# A dream machine becomes a reality

From the idea - 2013 -

To the design - 2015/16 -

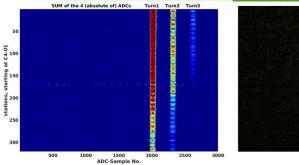


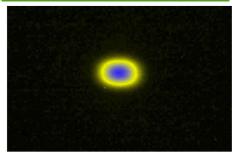


To the machine - 2016/19 -



To the 1<sup>st</sup> electrons in the EBS storage ring - 28-11-2019





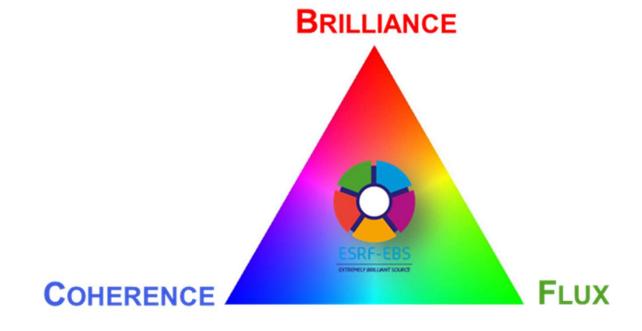
17 DECEMBER 2019
EBS exceeds former SR brightness



## What's new with EBS?

EBS – the first 4<sup>th</sup> generation high energy SR source: A big step forward for X-ray science

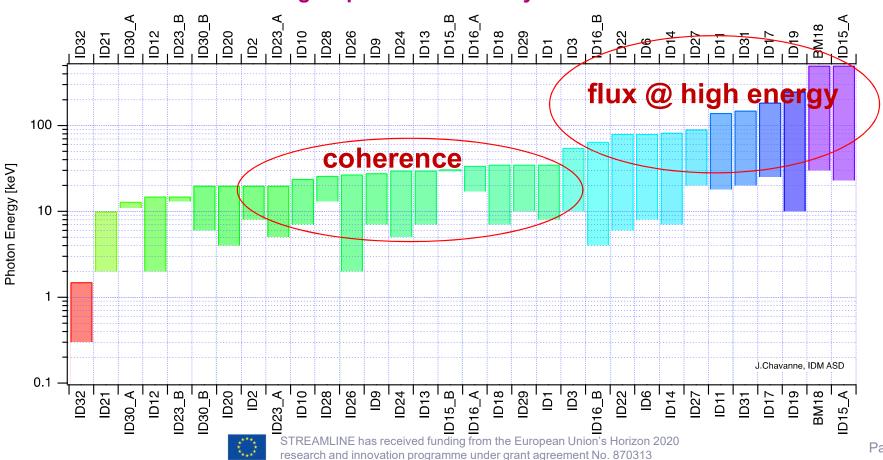




## What's new with EBS?

# ESRF The European Synchrotron

# EBS – the first 4<sup>th</sup> generation high energy SR source: A big step forward for X-ray science



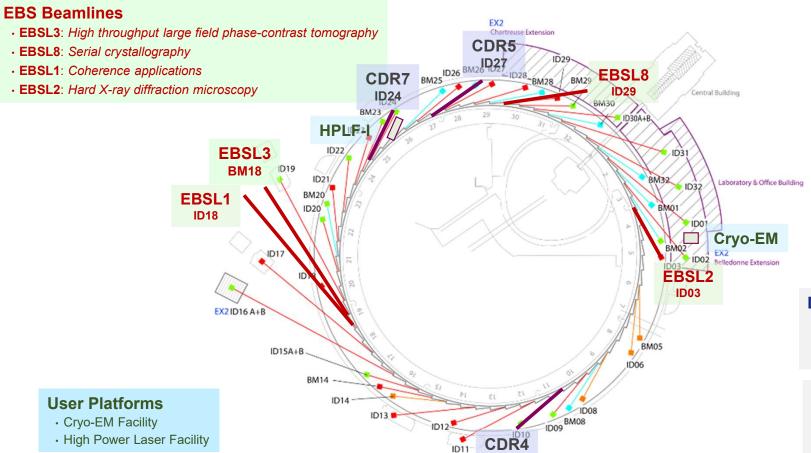
# **EBS** - the extremely brilliant source







# EBS - Experimental programme: overview





#### **Refurbishment Programme**

- · CDR4: Surface science
- CDR5: Extreme conditions
- CDR7: High brilliance XAS
- · ID21, ID18
- · ID17, ID23-2, ID26

#### **Data Analysis as a Service**

- Data Policy
- · Data storage and archiving
- Scientific programming

#### **Instrumentation Programme**

- Detectors
- Monochromators
- · BL control system



**ID03** 

# **Revisiting the ESRF Science Programme**



ESRF
The European Synchrotron

- **1. Health, Health Innovation**, and overcoming cancer and neurodegenerative diseases
- **2. Material for tomorrow** and innovative and sustainable industry
- **3. Clean Energy transition**, sustainable energy storage and clean hydrogen technologies
- Planetary (terrestrial and extra-terrestrial)research
- **5.** Environmental and climatic challenges, water supplies and earth atmosphere
- 6. Bio-based economy and food security
- 7. Humanity and world cultural heritage





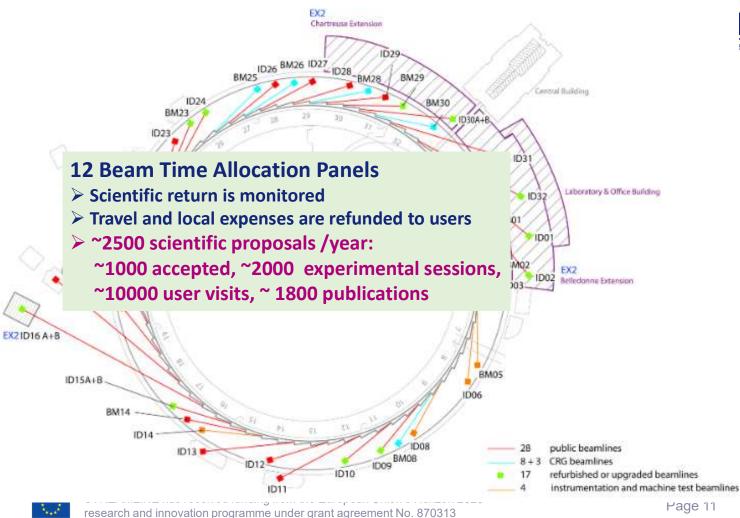
## ESRF today - the experimental programme

32.5 ESRF Beamlines 13 CRG Beamlines

(Teams from Member States)

**Imaging** Diffraction Scattering Spectroscopy

 $nm - \mu m - mm - cm$ beam size



## How do Photon and Neutron facilities work?

- 1. User: has an idea / need to study a sample
- 2. Proposal: User writes a proposal for one of the PaN facilities
- 3. Review committee: Reviews proposal and rates scientific quality
- 4. Beamline scientist: Review proposal and checks feasibility
- 5. Beamtime allocated: User travels to facility / sends sample
- 6. Experiment: Sample(s) are exposed to beam + data collected
- 7. Analysis: Data is reduced, analysed + curated (DOI)
- 8. Publication: User publishes results (DOI) in peer review journal



#### Sustainable scientific exploitation of the ESRF-EBS





- New source
- Brighter X-ray beams
- New beamlines
- New infrastructure



New science









#### **STREAMLINE**

- New services (access, data)
- **Enhanced capacity**
- Modernization of tools
- Outreach to new communities

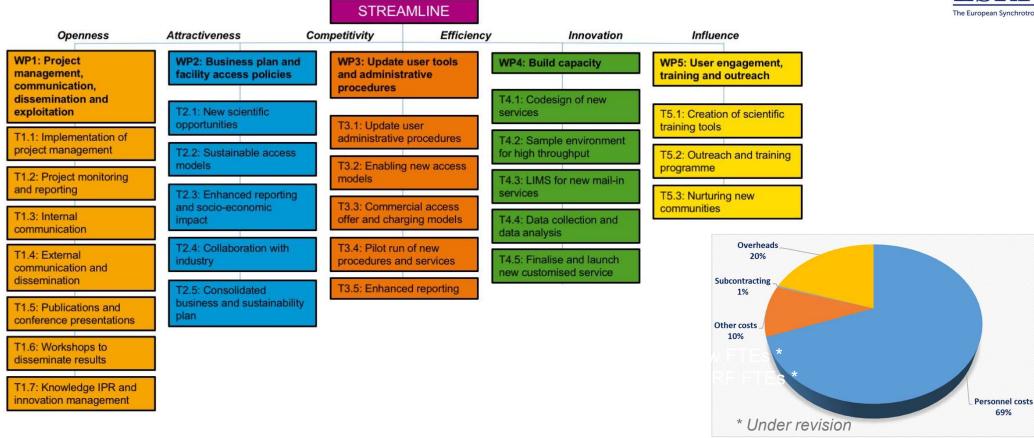


Increased sustainability



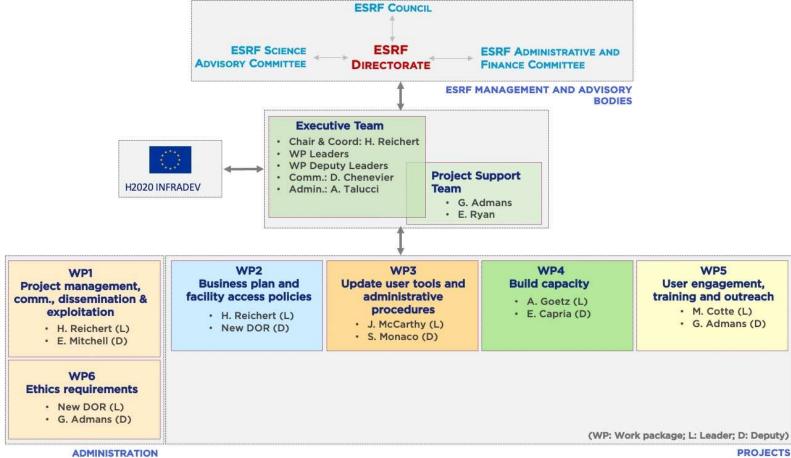
# Overall organization





# Project management and organisation

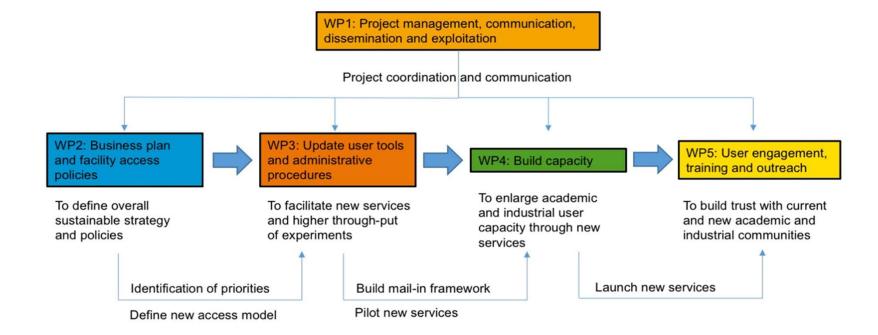




**PROJECTS** 

# Execution sequence: from definition to implementation





### Conclusion







STREAMLINE is a 4-year project which aims to capitalize on the possibilities offered by ESRF-EBS for new experiments, new access modes and new services





STREAMLINE is key to expand the ESRF's role towards an active facilitator in areas of the highest societal relevance

The STREAMLINE scope and objectives are fully embedded in the core activities and mission of the ESRF. The implementation of this programme naturally involves all divisions and many aspects of ESRF operation







streamline.esrf.eu

STREAMLINE has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No. 870313

